Problem 1. Define a curve in \mathbb{R}^3 by the vector function $\mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle t^2 + 1, 4\sqrt{t}, e^{t^2 - t} \right\rangle$.

- (a) Find the derivative of the vector function $\mathbf{r}(t)$.
- (b) Find (parametric or vector) equations for the tangent line to the curve at the point (2, 4, 1).

Solution.

(a) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 2t, 2t^{-1/2}, (2t-1)e^{t^2-t} \rangle$. (b) The point $(2, 4, 1) = \mathbf{r}(t)$ for t = 1, so the curve has tangent vector

$$\mathbf{t}'(1) = \langle 2, 2, 1 \rangle$$

at (2, 4, 1). The tangent line is given by parametric equation

$$\ell(s) = \langle 2, 4, 1 \rangle + s \langle 2, 2, 1 \rangle = \langle 2 + 2s, 4 + 2s, 1 + s \rangle.$$

Problem 2. For the function $f(x, y) = x^4y - 2x^3y^2$,

- (a) Compute the first partial derivatives $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$.
- (b) Compute all second partial derivatives of f.

Solution.

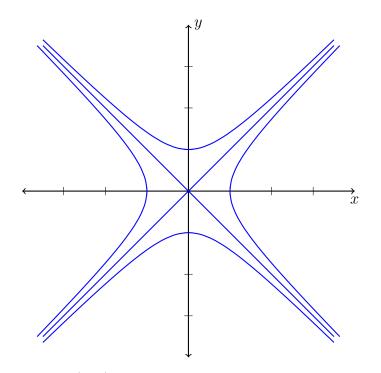
(a)

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 4x^3y - 6x^2y^2$$
 and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x^4 - 4x^3y.$

(b)

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = 12x^2y - 12xy^2 \qquad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 4x^3,$$
$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = 4x^3 - 12x^2y.$$

Problem 3. Sketch a contour map of the function $f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$ with several level curves.



Solution. The level curves f(x, y) = c are hyperbolas, opening out to the left and right for c > 0 (meeting the x axis at $x = \pm \sqrt{c}$) and opening up and down for c < 0 (meeting the y axis at $y = \pm \sqrt{c}$. For c = 0 we have the pair of straight lines $y = \pm x$.