Calc III: Workshop 9 (Exam 2 review), Fall 2018

Problem 1. Find the center of mass $(\overline{x}, \overline{y})$ of the quarter disk

$$Q = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \le 1, \ 0 \le x, \ 0 \le y\}$$

assuming Q has unit density $(\delta(x, y) = 1)$.

Problem 2. Compute the mass of the region E enclosed by the paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ and the plane z = 4, assuming its density is given by $\delta(x, y, z) = z$.

Problem 3. For the integral

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{1-x^2-y^2} f(x,y,z) \, dz \, dy \, dx$$

- (a) Change the order of integration from dz dy dx to dx dy dz, giving the new limits (Hint: for help drawing the 3D region of integration, draw the 2D region indicated by $0 \le y \le \sqrt{1-x^2}$, $0 \le x \le 1$ along with the surfaces z = 0 and $z = 1 x^2 y^2$)
- (b) Change variables to cylindrical coordinates, giving the new limits in (z, r, θ) .

Problem 4. Evaluate $\iiint_E y \, dV$, where *E* is the solid hemisphere inside $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ where $y \ge 0$.

Problem 5. Evaluate the line integral $\int_C x \, ds$, where C is the curve along $y = x^2$ from (0,0) to (2,4).

Problem 6. Let

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (2xy + 1)z\mathbf{i} + x^2z\mathbf{j} + (x^2y + x + 2z)\mathbf{k}.$$

Compute the line integral $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{T} \, ds$ where C is the line segment from (0, 0, 0) to (1, 2, 3).